

COUNTRY CLUB BUILDS A HOME

Commodious Club House Is Now in Course of Construction.

READY IN NINETY DAYS

SIMPLICITY AND COMFORT THE OBJECTS IN VIEW.

The Country club directors have let the contract for the erection of the new club house on Ninth East, below Twelfth South to J. P. and F. E. Schraffen of this city, and work was begun yesterday.

The plans, which were designed by Architect Fred A. Hale, call for a main building 54 by 94 feet, with an "L" 28 by 54 feet. The building, which faces east and south, is to be of the Colonial style, with plaster finish outside, and as the illustration shows, it will be a very picturesque addition to the city. The main features are the commodious verandas, running the full length of the building and being wide across its width on one side. The long veranda is 20 feet wide, the other is 16 feet, and the front veranda will be a terrace of turf golf course and the Wasatch mountains to the east and south. The outdoor dining room, which is screened at the old club house, will be 28 by 32 feet; the lounge room is 28 by 32; the inside dining room, which is also to be used as a card room, is 26 by 17; the men's locker room is 27 by 28, and the women's locker 28 by 22. The kitchen is 19 by 26 and will be equipped with every convenience. The old-fashioned, high brick mantels adorn the big open fireplace, which are large enough for log fires.

The dining room and lounge room have been ceilings, and the whole house is finished in the simplest and most comfortable style imaginable. A furnace is provided for heating in the fall and winter, and servants quarters are arranged in the half-story formed by the roof. Storage room for supplies is to be furnished by a large basement.

The contract calls for the building complete, with some outside accessories, at a cost of less than \$100,000. The price has been reduced considerably by special concessions for material made by club members. The contract calls for completion of the work in ninety working days.

The old adobe residence on the grounds will probably be fitted up with rooms for club members and guests.

JENSEN IS EXONERATED

Court Declares That There Is No Evidence Whatever of His Guilt.

W. C. Jensen, bookkeeper at McCoy's livery stable, who was arrested a few days after election on the charge of having embezzled \$800 from the sale at the stable, was exonerated yesterday by Judge C. B. Diehl and discharged. The arrest of Jensen was caused by Dr. A. S. Kendall who declared that he gave the money—stakes in election wagers—to Jensen for safe keeping, but that it disappeared during the following night.

The testimony in the case showed that Jensen had received the money and put it in the safe in the presence of Dr. Kendall and others. Jensen closed the door of the safe, but did not turn the combination, and then answered a telephone call. Immediately afterwards he left and Dr. Kendall was still in the office. When Mr. Jensen reached his home he telephoned to the stable boy, asking him to see if the safe was locked. The stable boy told him it was locked and Jensen thought no more about it. The next morning when Jensen came to the office he opened the safe, but the money had disappeared.

The court held that a theft had been committed, but that there was no evidence whatever to show probable cause for holding Mr. Jensen for trial in the district court.

THANKSGIVING DAY RATES,

Via Oregon Short Line.

Tickets on sale Nov. 29 and 30, good for return until Dec. 1. See agents for particulars.

TO HOLD SCHOOL ELECTION

Citizens of Granite District Nominate Amos S. Gabbott.

Citizens of Granite school district in precinct No. 2 held a primary at the school house last evening for the purpose of placing in nomination a date for member of the board of education. Amos S. Gabbott, the present president of the board of education, was nominated without opposition. In addition to this, Thomas H. Woodbury, Henry Quigley, Samuel J. Peterson, Ed. O. Best and John Bird were named a campaign committee. Granite school district includes voting districts 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

W. C. T. U. MEETS TODAY.

Officers for Next Year Are to Be Chosen.

The regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held at the home of Mrs. C. T. Savery, 140 North East street, this afternoon. Officers for the ensuing year will be elected. An account of the work of the national social purity department will be given by Mrs. C. T. Savery. The meeting will be held with Mrs. Savery as she leaves soon for her new home in Tacoma. Mrs. Savery has been a member of the W. C. T. U. of Utah for many years.

WOMAN PREACHER

A Practical Doctrine.

"My home was broken up some time ago," writes a venerable lady from Ohio, "and I spend my life going about, visiting my children."

"But wherever I go I take my Postum pot and a supply of the food coffee along with me. I cannot take the risk of being without it. I firmly believe that were it not for Postum Food Coffee I would not be living today."

"I began to use it four years ago. For several years prior to that time I was a great sufferer from stomach and heart trouble and headache. I consulted the best medical talent, but medicine did me no good, and my condition seemed to grow more and more desperate, until I was practically given over as a confirmed invalid."

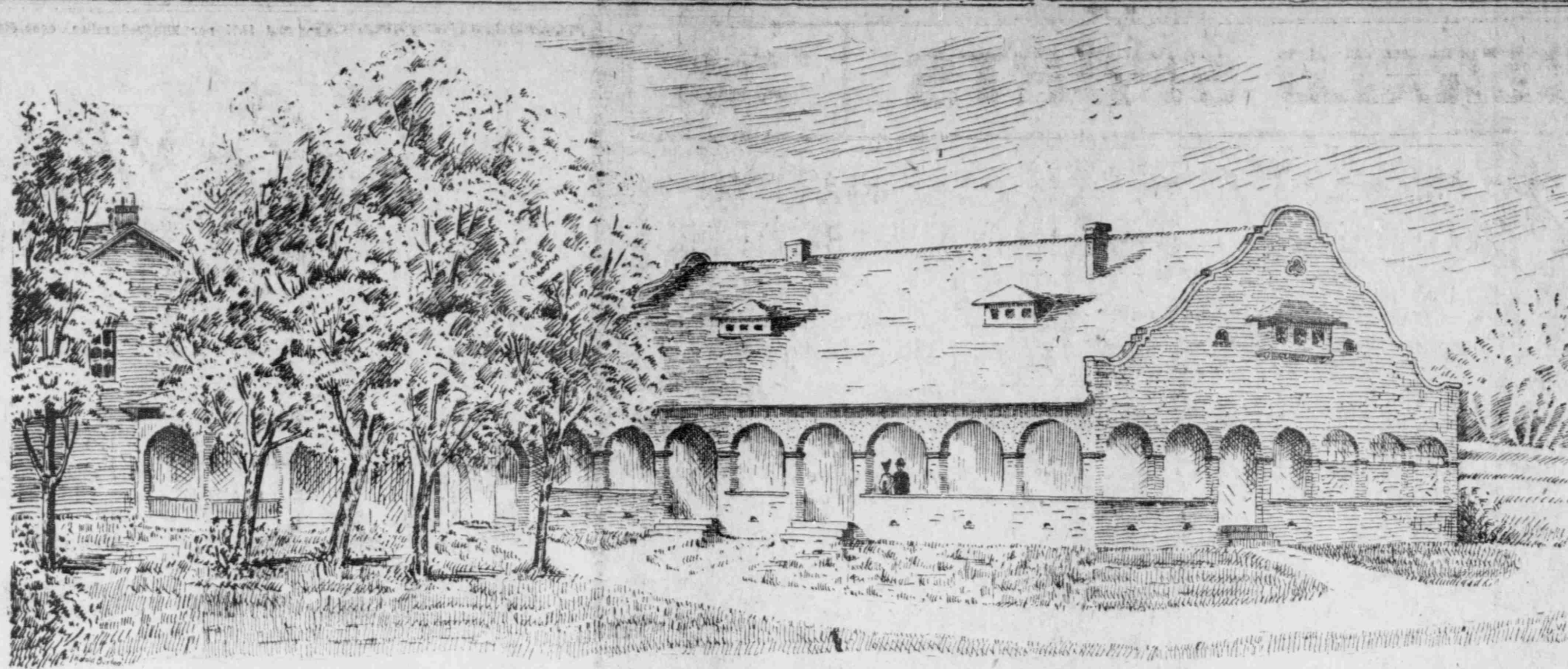
"Finally a doctor suggested that I stop coffee drinking, and although I was loath to do so, I complied. I was visiting my son-in-law in Ottawa, at the time. He was a Postum drinker, and at his urgent recommendation I began its use. It did not appear to me at first, but I found that this was because it was not boiled long enough. When it was made right I relished it."

"In due time, after the coffee effects had passed out of my system so that Postum could do its work, I began to get better in every symptom. My stomach ceased to trouble me and digestion became normal. My heart action was restored to a healthy status, the headaches and nervousness grew less frequent and severe, and at last ceased altogether, and now I am well and strong, as few persons are at my advanced age."

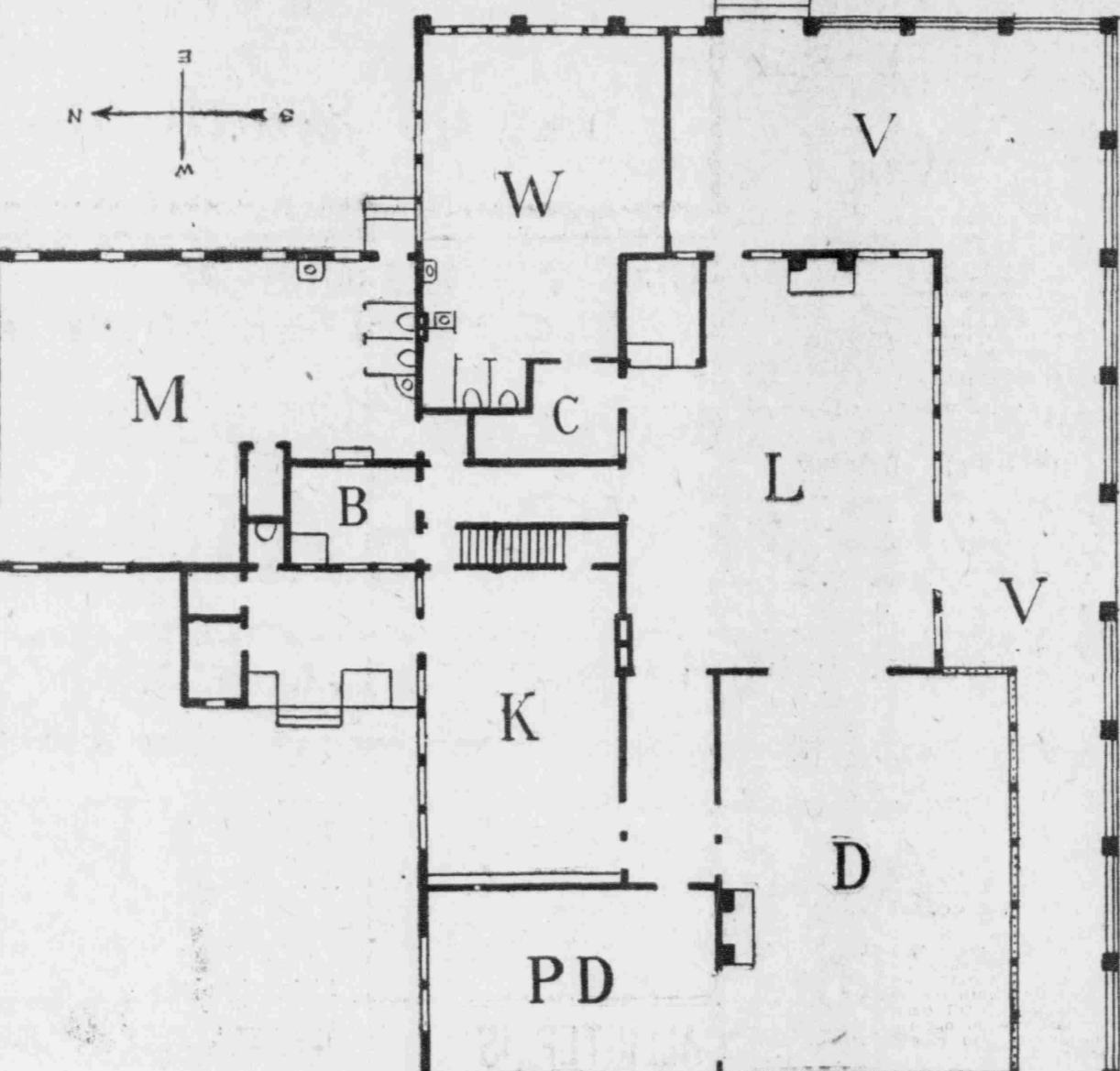
"Be sure that I preach the gospel of Postum everywhere to those I meet. I have converted many, especially my own children and grandchildren, who have all been made healthier, blemish and heartier by the use of Postum. Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich."

There's a reason.

Read the little book, "The Road to Well-being," in packages.



Exterior View of the New Country Club House.



Key to Country Club Ground Floor Plans.

A, Lounge Room; B, Screened Dining Room; C, P. D. Card Room; W, Women's Lockers; M, Men's Lockers; N, Buffet; O, Women's Locker Room; V, Veranda; X, Kitchen.

SALT LAKE JEWS IN CELEBRATION

Remember 250th Anniversary of Settlement in America.

PRaise FOR THE HEBREW

SERVICES ARE HELD IN B'NAI ISRAEL TEMPLE.

Speakers representing three different creeds were present at the Temple of Congregation B'nei Israel last night to aid in celebrating the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the settlement of the Jews in America. In the audience, which completely filled the synagogue were many Gentiles whose feelings were in accord with the Jews; more especially since the inauguration of the latest series of Russian massacres.

The settlement of Jews in this country was "legalized" and recognized by the Dutch colonial government in the year 1655, when Governor Stuyvesant, acting under advice of the Dutch East India company issued a formal grant of Jewish immigration.

Last night's celebration was in response to a call of the Jewish national committee and similar in character to services held all over the country.

The principal speakers of the evening were Governor John C. Cutler, William Graupe and Rabbi C. J. Freund.

The services opened with invocation by Rev. D. A. Simpkins, followed by a choir selection.

Henry Cohn, vice president of the congregation, made introductory remarks. Mr. Cohn's remarks were brief and expressed his view that the services partook more of a thanksgiving than a celebration. There was good cause, he said, for the Jews to rejoice that here in a free and enlightened country they might worship according to the dictates of their conscience, and free from the persecution which had once been so general and which was now being inflicted on their co-religionists in Russia.

Mr. Cohn then introduced Governor Cutler.

Governor Cutler's address follows in full:

In meeting with you on this auspicious anniversary, I am inclined to offer some reflections on the causes which have operated to produce the great colonizing movements of the Jews, and especially their migration to our own country. The principal speakers of the evening have expressed the view that the circumstances were various. But it may be safely said that the central and controlling cause, the overmastering circumstance, was the persecution endured by the Hebrews in the various countries of the old world. Religious persecution, it is always unjust, cruel, and even from the standpoint of the persecutor, useless. It is unjust because it is usually in fact it might say always, without real justification, it would be difficult for any people that has inflicted persecution on a religious sect, to justify the action even to their own minds, much less to the great and impartial court of public opinion. It arises from passion and prejudice, two of the most unreasonable and unjust of impulses. Under the influence of the feeling that gives it birth, it reeks not of consequences nor of the misery it causes, but sweeps every conscientious scruple

away. And so it goes to lengths entirely and justifiably. It is cruel because directed against the helpless, as well as those capable of self-defense, and because the means employed in the carrying out of the designs of the persecutors are almost exclusively suffering, inflicting the most extreme sufferings, which endure long after its direct inflictions. If we could sum up all the wrongs and cruelties of religious persecution, in the day or the month or the year of its occurrence, and say that it ended then and there, its cruelty would not be so fearfully apparent. But the wrongs thus inflicted are visited on their children to the third and fourth generation. And it is always accompanied by murder and rapine and pillage, and these are ever cruel.

Persecution is Useless.

It is useless, for the reason that it never accomplishes the intention of its instigators—the destruction of the people attacked, or the weakening of their faith. Religious persecution uniformly fails of purpose and intended effect. The blood of the martyrs is the seed of the church; it is an axiom which may be still more loudly applied to a religious people or idea given to it greater strength and vitality than could be gained from any other source. Opposition merely serves to extend the bounds and strengthen the hold of the people or the sect opposed.

But this persecution, unjust and cruel though it be, and useless though it may be, has not been without beneficial results in the history of the world. God has overruled the evil men have attempted to the good of mankind in general. Some of the most far-reaching and important movements in history have arisen out of persecution and religious oppression and injustice. This may particularly be said with reference to great religious movements and historic migrations. I wish to make special mention of the exodus of the Israelites from Egypt and a nation dedicated to the worship of the true God, and from whence went forth the knowledge of the one God. This event was pregnant with consequences of great benefit and importance to the nations, and yet its chief determining cause was the unjust and cruel oppression of the Hebrews at the hands of the Egyptians.

Persecution Made Puritans.

Like unto this was the migration of the Puritans from the shores of New England, where they became leaders in the fight not only for religious but for civil liberty. They were persecuted and their work in the world in which it was accomplished, they were hastened forward in that work of destiny. If indeed the destiny was not determined for them, by the persecution they had endured in England. So may we speak of the similar and sober Quakers, who, under similar stress of persecution and impending danger, settled in Pennsylvania and there assisted in the establishment of the principles of right and freedom which have made our country without a peer in the world.

Not the least important and beneficial of these religious movements was the coming of the Jews to America, the anniversary of which event we celebrate tonight. In the midst of their chief determining cause was the persecution which they were enduring in the old world, they turned to America as an asylum for the oppressed, and its promise of immunity from persecution naturally appealed to them. For it is a fact, and so far as we can see worse than useless, has been the heritage of the Jews. That is one of the reasons why that people has given to the world true, strong and lasting religious conceptions. These truths have ever arisen out of great stress and suffering. Like the fairest flowers out of the darkest soil, the noblest and purest truths of religion have sprung from the rank, black, slimy soil of persecution. It is the will of God that those things which seem most repulsive shall, after all, serve some beautiful and useful purpose.

This Country the Gainer.

When the Hebrews were driven from Spain and other Latin nations they carried the arts for which they had become famous into the northern nations of Europe and to our own country. We cannot estimate, for it is so great, as to be out

of our power of calculation, how much the nations lost that drove them out, or how much the nations gained that welcomed them. We only know that, morally and materially, our nation has been greatly benefited by the influx of the Jews, and if we are to judge by the decay and debility of the nations which drove them away, we may know that those countries were made incalculably poorer by their cruelty. The financial skill, the artistic and industrial genius of the Jews, have been a great boon to the nations that have welcomed them. The Jews have been a great blessing to the nations that have welcomed them. The Jews have been a great blessing to the nations that have welcomed them.

Reference should also be made to the commercial skill and ability of the Jews, and how they have come to the help of nations in difficulty. Nor have they always been in the advantage, in security and usury, to which the circumstances justly entitled them. In return for the aid and assistance they have given, they have received the presence of national and individual want. The mere mention of the name will be enough to establish the claim made for the Jews, and confirmed by history, that they have been a veritable stone of help to nations in distress.

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make your homes. And I say this with-out abating in the least degree the praise I have bestowed on the Hebrews. If any of those traits have been to any extent the cause of your persecutions, or have tended to lessen the confidence or love of the nations, the course of wisdom would seem to be to attempt to overcome them by the influence of the national character. If your many national virtues are strong and overmastering, so also may your faults be. And I think you will agree with me that every advantage has been and will be taken of those faults by those who do not love you for the virtues you possess.

I wish at this point to congratulate the state of Utah on the general character of the Jewish citizens who have taken up their residence here. They are, in many respects to be classed among our best citizens. They have done and are doing much to develop its resources and increase its wealth along the lines in which they are interested. I am glad the state has been enriched with such citizenship, and pleased with this opportunity to acknowledge, as governor, the great and admirable destiny. Enriching every state and nation that has welcomed them as refugees, they have left to retarding and decay the nations that have unjustly used them. And it is with a feeling of pride that we remember the value of the Jews to the world, and the joy in our great nation. If we may learn from the history of the past, not only the Jews, who have made so

Destiny of Jews.

And now, looking at the achievements of the Jews, looking nationally and world-wide, we are confronted with the question, "What is their destiny?" Enduring vicissitudes, rising above every difficulty, putting beneath their feet even the murder of their people and the pillage of their property, using past difficulties as present stepping stones to future greatness, I see them working out a great and admirable destiny. Enriching every state and nation that has welcomed them as refugees, they have left to retarding and decay the nations that have unjustly used them. And it is with a feeling of pride that we remember the value of the Jews to the world, and the joy in our great nation. If we may learn from the history of the past, not only the Jews, who have made so

much of the history, but also the nation that has uniformly befriended them, will achieve a great and glorious destiny. Owing to the serious illness of Miss Rebecca Morris, daughter of Mayor R. P. Morris, the city's executive was unable to address the meeting. Following this announcement by Rabbi Freund, a duet was given, "The Lord Is My Light," by Miss Sigrid Pedersen and Charles Kent.

Jewish Philanthropy.

"Fifty Years of Jewish Philanthropy" was the subject of an address by William Graupe, one of the temple trustees. During the course of his remarks Mr. Graupe referred to the founding of the Ethical Fifth in New York sixty years ago and to the great charitable work it had done since that time. He pointed to the hospitals, the asylums and libraries as instances of what had been done by the O. C. B. R.

By their charitable works, he said, the Jews had fulfilled the promise made to Governor Stuyvesant 250 years ago, that if they were permitted to colonize they would see that their poor never became a burden to the community. He urged that to give their active support to philanthropic works, saying that by their actions not only they but the Jews at large would be judged. Mr. Graupe had a hearty word of praise for the work accomplished by the Jewish Women's Relief societies throughout the country.

Following Mr. Graupe's remarks, Mrs. Edward Moore rendered a vocal solo, "Blessing."

Rabbi Freund Talks.

In his address on "The Day We Celebrate," Rabbi C. J. Freund referred to the opportunities for thanks.

the early experiences of the Jews, their mission and the reasons why in this age they should strive to emulate their forefathers.

The Jew, he said, from the time of his early ostracism at the hands of the Romans, had "indignantly preserved himself" through the ages. Considered with the discovery of America, he noted, was the expulsion of the Jews from Spain, and in this he perceived the hand of fate.

To America they had turned for haven. He traced the history of their evolution, told what it had brought, and showed that in return the Jews had given the lofty principles and high-minded qualities of their fathers.

AMUSEMENTS

It is hard to believe that the same woman wrote "Way Down East" and "Under Southern Skies." There is nothing great in "Way Down East," but it is at least rings true. In "Under Southern Skies" there are so many inconsistencies that to recount them would require more space than can be allotted to a single criticism. The author, Lottie Blair Parker, knows very little of the true south, if she had she would never have had Negroes and "quality" dancing on the same floor at the same time. She would never have introduced a Topsy into a picture of southern home life; she would never have had two men dressed in the same act and mingling on terms of friendship, without a word of explanation, in the next; she would never have had so many threats and so little fulfillment. Neither would she have had her people wearing the dress of at least two or three different decades.

The company presenting "Under Southern Skies" is not all bad. Griffith Vray, as Steve Daubeny, the villain of the play, while not a true type, gave a splendid characterization, squeezing the last drop of realism out of the part. The makeup of William Perry as Colonel Daubeny was actually lived. "Under Southern Skies" will be seen at the Theatre today, matinee and evening.

A Jolly American Tramp closes its season at the Grand tonight. The usual Saturday matinee will be played.

At the Lyric this afternoon, beginning at 2:30, "The Agor Lilies," said to be a very lively production, opens a week's engagement.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

Yesterday's Record at the Local Office of the Weather Bureau.

Maximum temperature, 48 degrees; minimum temperature, 34 degrees; mean temperature, 41 degrees, which is 4 degrees above the normal. Accumulated excess of temperature since the first of the month, 21 degrees. Total precipitation from 6 p. m. to 6 p. m., none. Accumulated deficiency of precipitation since the first of the month, 31 inch. Accumulated deficiency of precipitation since Jan. 1, 1.33 inches.

HALF RATES FOR THANKSGIVING DAY.

Tickets on sale Nov. 29-30, between any two points on the D. & R. G. in Utah. Good to return Dec. 4. Call on agents for particulars.

SPECIAL SATURDAY OFFERINGS!

Tooth Brush and Powder SPECIAL

1 bottle Colgate's Antiseptic Dental Powder, reg. price 25c, and one superfine toothbrush, regular price 10c, both Saturday—

25c

TOILET SPECIALS

15c Witch Hazel per bottle 9c
Household Ammonia, per bottle 8c
Vaseline (Blue label) 4c
Vaseline cold cream 12c

Colgate's DRY GOODS STORE

222-224 MAIN ST

Handkerchief Special A regular 25c grade warranted all pure linen, handkerchiefs, embroidered initial handkerchiefs, fine sheer quality, Irish manufacture, each 12 1/2c	MISSIE'S CAPS 5c Corduroy, Cashmere and Venetian cloths, white only, with vases, all sizes, special Saturday 50c	Ladies' Fleeced Hosiery An extra special hosiery value for Saturday is this well fleeced elastic ribbed top hose, at, per pair. 20c
RUCHING SPECIAL Closing out several lines of deep accordion, ruffled, ruffled, ruffled, and Val lace trimmings, etc. Regularly sold from 65c to \$1.25 per yard; Saturday only 39c	BELT SPECIAL Black silk Tailored belts trimmed with braid, one of the latest novelties, each 25c	TAM O'SHANTERS School caps for Misses made of ribbon, in all colors and round and square shapes, at 25c

A GREAT TRIMMING SALE.
Values up to \$2.50 Per Yard.
For Saturday only we place on sale about 50 pieces of handsome dress trimmings, all silk embroidered, silk Persian bands, etc. Regularly sold from \$1.00 to \$2.50 per yard; choice Saturday, per yard
35c

LAST OF THE GREAT SAMPLE NECKWEAR SALE.
Saturday will positively wind up this great sale, several reserve boxes added to the lot for this last day's selling. Be sure to avail yourself of this great offering. Prices begin at
15c UP

CHILDREN'S DAY IN THE CLOAK ROOM

THREE GREAT LEADERS ON SALE ALL DAY FROM 8 A. M. TO 10 P. M.

CHILDREN'S CLOAKS \$2.50	CHILDREN'S DRESSES 98c	Small Sample Line CHILDREN'S COATS Ages 2 to 6 Years. NO TWO ALIKE. MADE OF KERSEY, GRAY KRIMMER BEARSKIN, CRUELLED VELVET, BROADCLOTH AND CHEVIOT, BEAUTIFULLY TRIMMED WITH BRAID, GRAY KRIMMER, ETC., ETC. THE SMALL LINE OF ONE OF THE BEST KNOWN MANUFACTURERS BOUGHT AT THE LOWEST AND PRICES ACCORDINGLY. THIS SALE OFFERS, WITHOUT A DOUBT, THE GREATEST SAVING IN CHILDREN'S COATS THAT WAS EVER OFFERED IN CITY. DIVIDED IN TWO LOTS Lot No. 1— \$3.95 Lot No. 2— \$5.00
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TWO BIG AFTER SUPPER SPECIALS
FROM 7 TO 10 P. M. ONLY

\$1 FLANNELETTE GOWNS
ONE LINE OF FINE CUTTING FLANNELETTE GOWNS FOR WOMEN. REGULAR \$1.00 GRADE, FULL, GENEROUS CUT AND WELL MADE THROUGHOUT. WHILE THEY LAST
59c

LONG FUR SCARF SPECIAL
For scarf, black and brown French Cord, two yards with a fluffy tails and silk cord ornaments and fringe. A fur that equals in appearance many marked at twice the amount, and one which will give a surprising amount of good service.
\$3.95

I'm Growing Old Fast

And you know why, too. It's those gray hairs! Don't you know that Ayer's Hair Vigor restores color to gray hair? Well, it does. And it never fails, either. It stops falling hair also, and keeps the scalp clean and healthy. Do not grow old